Ch. 27 quiz Nomen Josh

1. The poet Sulpicia (the only women whose poems survive from ancient Rome) laments that she will not get to spend her birthday with her boyfriend.

Invisus natalis adest, qui rure molesto  
    et sine Cerintho tristis agendus erit.

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| *invisus, a, um –* hated  *natalis, is m –* birthday  *adsum, adesse –* be present, be at hand  *rus, ruris n –* country, countryside  *molestus, a, um –* hateful | *sine –* without  *Cerinthus, i m –* name of Sulpicia’s boyfriend  *tristis, -e –* sad  *ago, agere, egi, actus –* spend |

1. What is the antecedent of *qui*? (2 pts.)

Natalis

1. There are two adjectives modifying *natalis*. They are: (2 pts.)

Invisus, tristis

1. There is either a gerund or gerundive in the poem. Find it, and tell me how it is being used. (2 pts.)

agendus, must be spent

1. Translate the poem. (5 pts.)

My hated birthday is present, which must be spent in the hateful countryside and sadly without Cerinthus.

1. An inscription from a statue base dedicated in the baths of Trajan in Rome:

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| Dis Manibus  Iulius Felix Campanianus  vir clarissimus praefectus urbis  ad augendam thermarum  Traianarum gratiam collocavit  *Dis Manibus –* “to the spirits of the dead”  *Iulius Felix Campanianus –* name  *clarus, a, um –* distinguished  *preafectus, i m –* prefect  *urbs, urbis f –* city  *augeo, augēre –* increase  *thermae, thermarum f –* baths | *Traianus, a, um –* of Trajan  *gratia, ae f –* beauty, charm  *colloco, collocare, collocavi, collocatus* – set up |

1. Find a superlative adjective and translate it. (2 pts.)

clarissimus, the most distinguished

1. This inscription contains either a gerund or gerundive. Tell me what it is and how it is being used. (2 pts)

augendam, Gerund, to be increasing

1. Explain why Iulius Felix Campianus dedicated this inscription. (4 pts.)

for the increasing of the beauty of the trajans baths by the statue of the hero

1. The scholar Einhard describes the physical training methods of Charlemagne, king of the Franks.

Exercebatur assidue equitando ac venando; quod illi gentilicium erat, quia vix ulla in terris natio invenitur, quae in hac arte Francis possit aequari.

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| *exerceo, exercēre –* train  *assidue –* strenuously  *equito, equitare –* to ride a horse  *venor, venari , -----, venatus sum* – to hunt  *quod illi gentilicium erat* – “which was a national pastime for him”  *quia* – because | *vix* – hardly, scarcely  *natio, nationis f* – people, race  *invenio, invenire –* find  *ars, artis f –* skill  *Franci, Francorum m –* the Franks  *aequo, aequare –* to compare |

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| 1. There are either gerunds or gerundives in this passage. What are they, and how are they being used? (4 pts.)  * equitando * venando   Both are Gerundive, riding and hunting,   1. What is the antecedent of *quae*? (2 pts.)   any natio   1. Translate the passage. (10 pts.)   He trained strenuously by hunting and riding; which was a national pastime for him, because scarcely any people is found on earth which is able to be compared to the franks in this skill | Charlemagne (@chrlesthagr8) | Twitter |

1. The tomb of Galileo in the Church of Santa Croce in Florence:

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| Santa Croce, Florence - Wikiwand |
| A close up of the inscription:  The inscription on the tomb of Galileo in the church of Santa Croce in  Florence | Grave memorials, Hope for the future, Ancient history |

Galilaeus Galileius Patric Flor

Geometriae Astronomiae Philosophiae Maximus Restituor

Nulli aetatis suae comparandus est.

Hic bene quiescat

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| *geometria, ae f –* geometry  *astronimia, ae f –* astronomy  *philosophiae, ae f –* philosophy  *magnus, a, um –* great  *restitutor, restitutoris m –* restorer | *hīc –* here  *quiesco, quiescere -* rest  *nullus, a, um –* no one  *aetas, aetatis f –* age, time  *compare, comparare –* compare (+ dat.) |

1. There is a gerund or gerundive in the inscription. What is it, and how is it being used? (2 pts.)

comparandus, gerundive, must be compared

1. Identify the form and flavor (use) of *quiescat*. (2 pts.)

Subjunctive present 3rd singular, Iussive

1. Translate the inscription. (5 pts.)

Galilaeus Galileius Patric Flor = “Galilaeus Galileius Patrician of Florence”

Galilaeus Galileius Patrician of Florence

The greatest restorer of geometry, astronomy, and philosophy

None of his time must be compared

Here let him rest in peace

1. Julius Caesar describes the efforts of the Helvetians to migrate from their homeland:

Ad eas res conficiendas Orgetorix deligitur.

*res, rei f –* things (i.e. the supplies the Helvetians would need on their journey from their homeland)

*conficio, conficere –* prepare

*Orgetorix, Orgetoricis m –* Orgetorix (a Helvetian noble)

*deligo, deligere* – choose

1. There is either a gerund or gerundive in the passage. Find it, and tell me how it is being used. (2 pts.)

conficiendas, gerund, preparing

1. Translate the sentence. (5 pts.)

these things Orgetorix is chosen for preparing